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## 25 Lecture 25

**Question 25.1.** What do you get if you cut a Mobius band along the central curve? What if you cut along a curve one third away from the boundary?

**Question 25.2.** Suppose F is a compact connected surface with boundary given as a disk with handles. Compute  $\pi_1(F, x)$ .

Question 25.3. What is cutting?

**Answer 25.4.** Suppose  $Y \subset X$ . We say that X - n(Y) is the result of cutting X along Y.

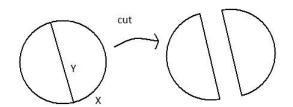


Figure 1: Cutting X along Y.

<u>Plan for the rest of the course:</u>

We will define the *Euler number* of an  $S^1$ -bundle over a surface I and more generally of a Seifert fibered space  $M \to M/S^1$ . We will use this to give presentations of  $\pi_1(M, x)$  for M a Seifert fibered space.

From last time:

F is a disk with handles,  $\{\alpha_i\}$  is a collection of arcs cutting open the handles,  $\{\beta_j\}_{j=1}^k$  is a collection of loops based at  $x \in F$  such that:

$$\beta_i \cap \beta_j = x \text{ if } i \neq j$$
$$\alpha_i \cap \beta_j \models \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } i \neq j \\ 1 & \text{if } i = j \end{cases}$$

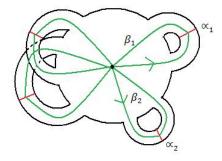


Figure 2: An example of F with corresponding  $\{\alpha_i\}$  and  $\{\beta_i\}$ .

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Suppose  $p: T \to F$  is an  $S^1$ -bundle.

**Definition 25.5.** Define  $\tau : \pi_1(F, x) \to \{\pm 1\}$  by:

$$\tau(\beta_i) = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} +1 & \quad \mathrm{if} \ \tau \mid \beta_i \cong \mathbb{T}^2 \\ -1 & \quad \mathrm{if} \ \tau \mid \beta_i \cong \mathbb{K}^2 \end{array} \right.$$

Example 25.6.

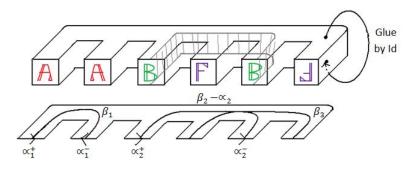


Figure 3: Here  $\tau(\beta_1) = 1, \tau(\beta_2) = -1, \tau(\beta_3) = -1.$ 

We extend  $\tau$  to the rest of  $\pi_1(F, x)$  multiplicatively, i.e.

$$\tau(\gamma \cdot \delta) = \tau(\gamma) \cdot \tau(\delta)$$

and use the fact that  $\{\beta_j\}$  is a free generating set for the free group  $\pi_1(F, x) \cong \mathbb{F}_k$ .

For proof that  $\pi_1(F, x)$  is free, see figure 4.

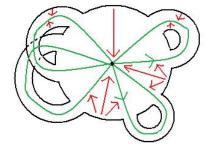


Figure 4: F deformation retracts to  $\cup_{j=1}^k \beta_j$ .

**Exercise 25.7.** Given  $p: T \to F$  and  $\tau_p$  as above,  $\tau_p$  determines T up to isomorphism (of S<sup>1</sup>-bundles over F).

**Definition 25.8.** Suppose  $\rho : \pi_1(F, x) \to \mathbb{Z}^2$  is given by:

$$\rho(\beta_j) = \begin{cases}
+1 & \text{if the } j\text{'th handle is not twisted} \\
-1 & \text{if the } j\text{'th handle is twisted}
\end{cases}$$

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There is (thus) a unique  $T \to^{p} F$  such that  $\tau_{p} = \rho$ . This T is called the *orientation*  $S^{1}$ -bundle over F. It is the only  $S^{1}$ -bundle over F that is orientable as a three manifold.

Exercise 25.9. Verify this.

**Claim 25.10.** The bundle  $T \to^p F$  has a section  $\sigma : F \to T$ .

To prove: As in figure 3 (because  $\partial F \neq \phi$ ), use the central cross section.

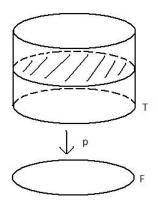


Figure 5