MA3F1 Exercise sheet 4.

The required problems are Exercises 4.1, 4.3, and 4.4. Please let me know if any of the problems are unclear or have typos.

Exercise 4.1. Set Q_n to be the space of n points, equipped with the discrete topology. Find a two-fold cover $p: Q_4 \to Q_2$ and compute its deck group.

Exercise 4.2. Define \mathbb{RP}^2 to be the space of lines through the origin in \mathbb{R}^3 . That is, \mathbb{RP}^2 is the quotient space obtained from $\mathbb{R}^3 - \{0\}$ by identifying two vectors u, v if and only if there is a non-zero real λ so that $u = \lambda v$. Construct a two-fold covering map $p \colon S^2 \to \mathbb{RP}^2$.

Exercise 4.3. Let F be the *figure-eight graph*: the graph with one vertex and two edges. List all connected two- and three-fold covers of F, up to isomorphism. Sketch an argument showing that your lists are complete and irredundant.

Exercise 4.4. For each of the covers of F given in Exercise 4.3 informally compute the deck group.

Exercise 4.5. With notation as set in class: check the following claims, needed in the proof that Φ is a homomorphism.

- Show that $\widetilde{\omega}_{m+n} \stackrel{\partial}{\simeq} \widetilde{\omega}_m * (\tau_m \circ \widetilde{\omega}_n)$.
- Suppose that $\alpha \stackrel{\partial}{\simeq} \beta$ are paths in \mathbb{R} . Show that $p \circ \alpha \stackrel{\partial}{\simeq} p \circ \beta$ as paths in S^1 .
- Suppose that α, β are paths in \mathbb{R} with $\alpha(1) = \beta(0)$. Show that $p \circ (\alpha * \beta) = (p \circ \alpha) * (p \circ \beta)$.

Exercise 4.6. [Hard] Let $T = S^1 \times S^1$ be the torus. For each d > 0, count the isomorphism classes of connected d-fold covers of T.

Exercise 4.7. [Problem 6, page 38, Hatcher.] We can regard $\pi_1(X, x_0)$ as the set of basepoint-preserving homotopy classes of maps $(S^1, 1) \to (X, x_0)$. Let $[S^1, X]$ be the set of homotopy classes of maps $S^1 \to X$, with no conditions on basepoints. Thus there is a natural map $\Phi \colon \pi_1(X, x_0) \to [S^1, X]$ obtained by ignoring basepoints. Show that Φ is onto if X is path-connected, and that $\Phi([f]) = \Phi([g])$ if and only if [f] and [g] are conjugate in $\pi_1(X, x_0)$. Hence Φ induces a one-to-one correspondence between $[S^1, X]$ and the set of conjugacy classes in $\pi_1(X, x_0)$, when X is path-connected.

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